An aerial photograph of a city, likely Vancouver, taken from a high vantage point. The foreground is filled with a dense cluster of high-rise apartment buildings and commercial structures. In the middle ground, a large body of water, possibly the Burrard Inlet, is visible, with several large cargo ships and smaller boats scattered across its surface. The background shows a range of mountains under a dramatic, cloudy sky at sunset, with the sun low on the horizon, casting a warm, golden glow over the scene. The clouds are dark and textured, with bright highlights where the sun is breaking through.

The REHAB-HCM Project

Thomas Roston

UBC Division of Cardiology, Research Rounds
Oct 21, 2024

Disclosures

- None relevant

Funding

- CCS-BMS HCM Award
- CAPP



REHAB-HCM:

Cardiac REHABilitation to improve metabolic health in Hypertrophic CardioMyopathy



Nathaniel Moulson, MD, MHA
UBC Cardiac Rehab & Sports Cardiology



Graham Koelwyn, PhD
SFU and Canada Research Chair in Public
Health Omics in Exercise and Disease



Members of the SPH HCM and VGH/SPH Cardiac Rehab Programs



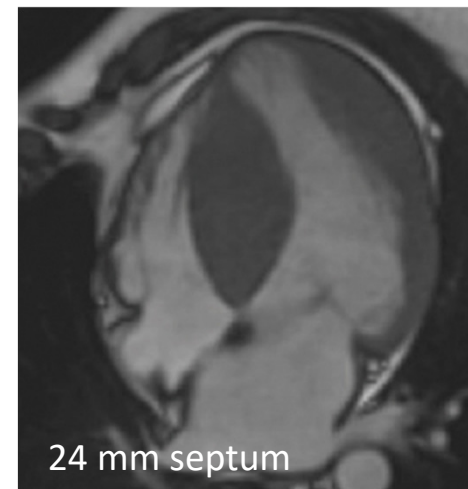
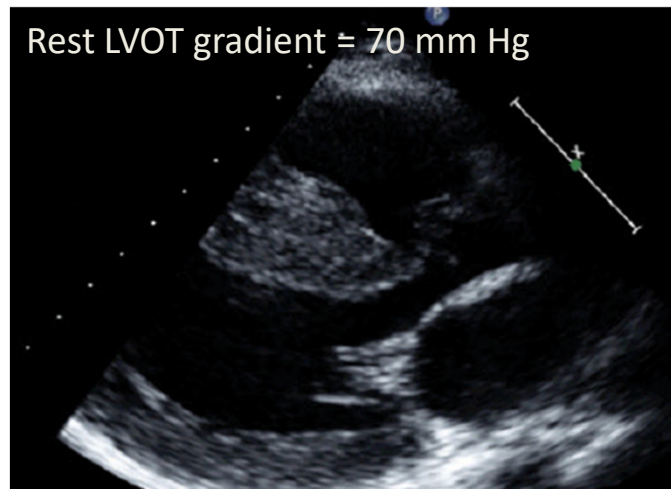
Case Presentation

- ID: 49 yo male
- PMHx: “mild” HTN, pre-diabetes, BMI 30, not on medications
- No family hx suggestive of HCM
- HPI:
 - Progressive dyspnea on exertion for 6 months
 - Hot day this summer – pre-syncopal for hours walking on seawall
 - Presents to ER for assessment
- Physical Exam: Grade 2/6 SEM RUSB
- ECG: NSR, NSTT changes
- Discharged after IV fluids & observation, outpatient echo



Case Presentation

- Cardiac Imaging:



- Seen in general cardiology clinic:

- Lab tests: HbA1c 7.2%, LDL 3.2, TG 3.2, BNP 450
 - Verapamil, exercise restriction: “nothing too intense”
 - Genetic testing & family screening recommended
- **What is contributing to this patient’s HCM phenotype?**



HCM as a **Cardiometabolic Disease**



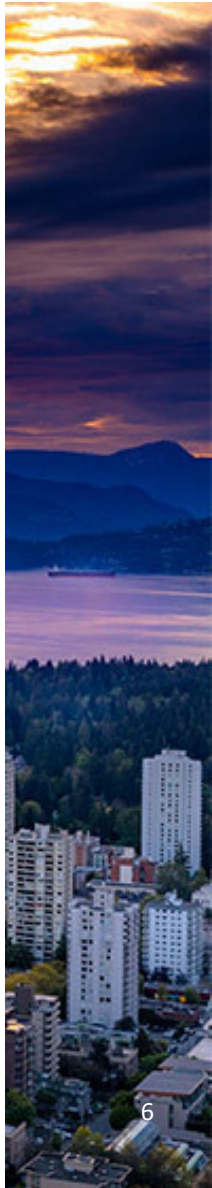
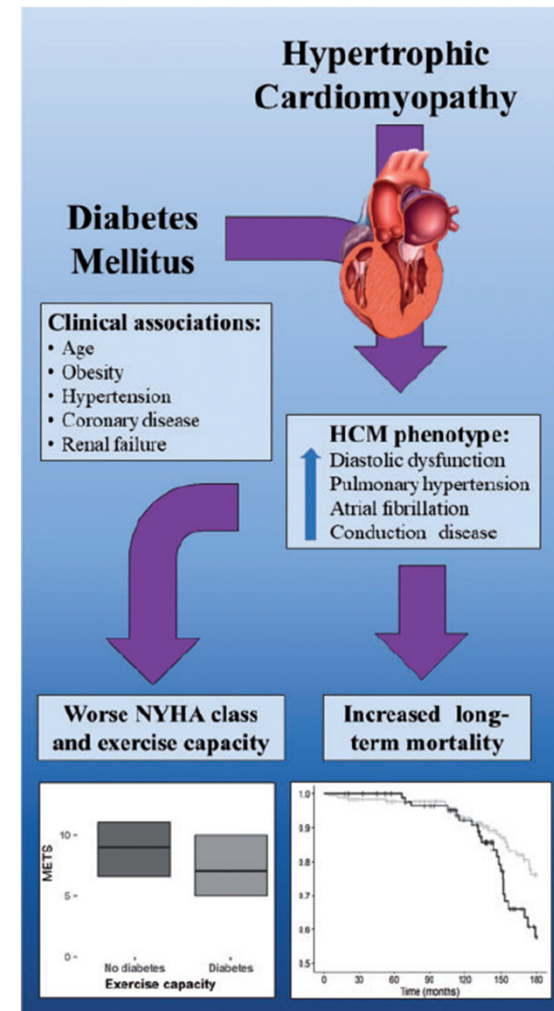
European Heart Journal (2019) 40, 1671–1677
doi:10.1093/eurheartj/ehy625

CLINICAL RESEARCH
Heart failure/cardiomyopathy

The impact of diabetes mellitus on the clinical phenotype of hypertrophic cardiomyopathy

- About 10% of patients have overt DM at the time of HCM diagnosis
- Worse symptoms
- Lower functional status
- Greater mortality

Wasserstrum et al, EHJ 2019



HCM as a **Cardiometabolic Disease**

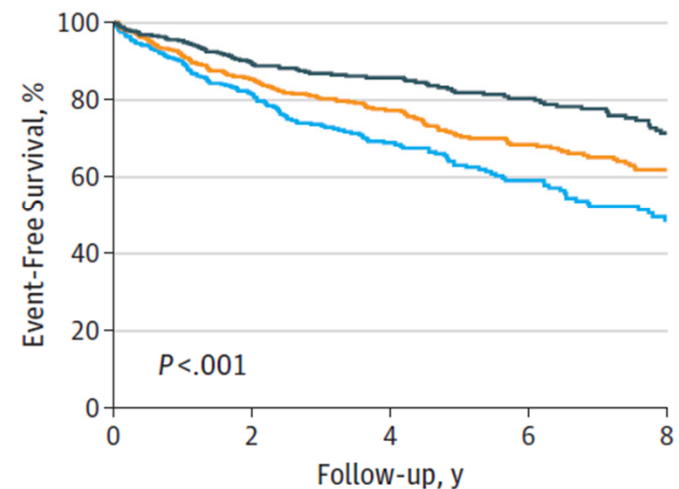
JAMA Cardiology | **Original Investigation**

Association of Obesity With Adverse Long-term Outcomes in Hypertrophic Cardiomyopathy

Carlo Fumagalli, MD; Niccolò Maurizi, MD; Sharlene M. Day, MD; Euan A. Ashley, MRCP, DPhil; Michelle Michels, MD, PhD; Steven D. Colan, MD; Daniel Jacoby, MD; Niccolò Marchionni, MD; Justin Vincent-Tompkins, MS; Carolyn Y. Ho, MD; Jacopo Olivotto, MD; for the SHARE Investiga

- One-third of HCM patients have obesity
- Worse LVOT obstruction
- More symptoms
- More adverse major events

A Overall composite outcome



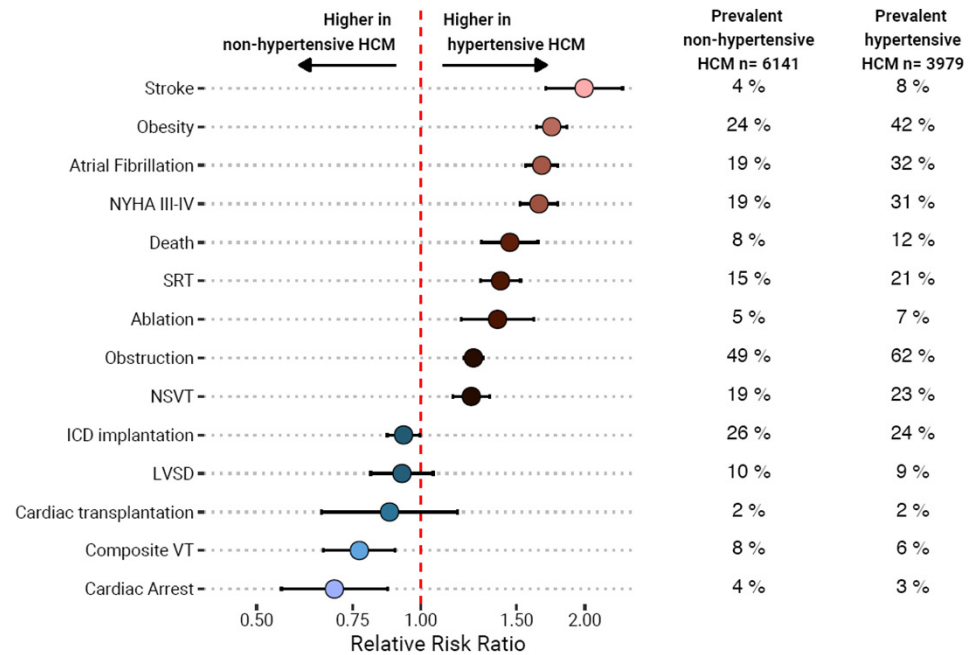
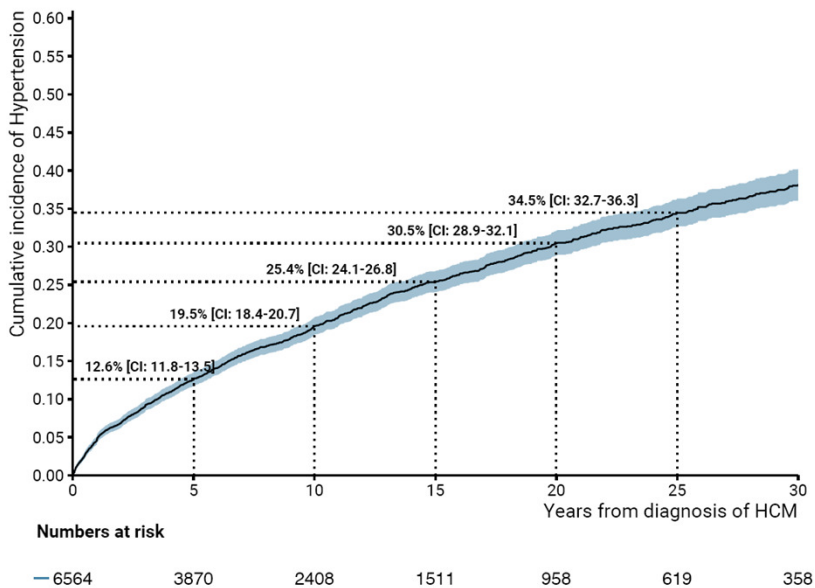
No. at risk	0	2	4	6	8
<25	899	627	489	403	314
25-30	1191	841	646	495	390
>30	942	640	483	352	266

Fumagalli et al, JAMA Card 2019



HCM as a **Cardiometabolic Disease**

- HTN is common at HCM diagnosis **AND** during follow-up
- Associated with greater risk of severe adverse outcomes



Roston...Ho. Unpublished data.



Exercise is **SAFE** in Patients with HCM

- High quality data have **reversed** the long-standing misconception that vigorous physical activity is dangerous in HCM

LIVE-HCM Study

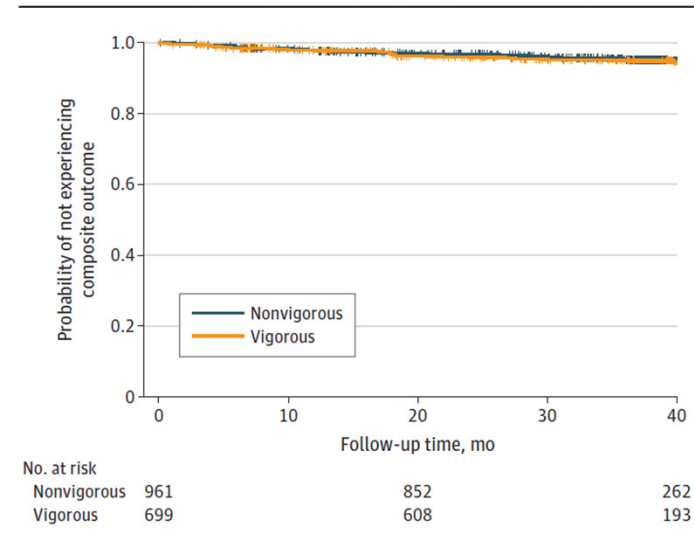
JAMA Cardiology | Original Investigation

Vigorous Exercise in Patients With Hypertrophic Cardiomyopathy

Rachel Lampert, MD; Michael J. Ackerman, MD, PhD; Bradley S. Marino, MD; Matthew Burg, PhD; Barbara Ainsworth, PhD, MPH; Lisa Salberg; Maria Teresa Tome Esteban, MD, PhD; Carolyn Y. Ho, MD; Roselle Abraham, MD; Seshadri Balaji, MBBS, PhD; Cheryl Barth, BS; Charles I. Berul, MD; Martijn Bos, MD; David Cannom, MD; Lubna Choudhury, MD; Maryann Concannon, MSW; Robert Cooper, MD; Richard J. Czosek, MD; Anne M. Dubin, MD; James Dziura, PhD; Benjamin Eidem, MD; Michael S. Emery, MD; N. A. Mark Estes, MD; Susan P. Etheridge, MD; Jeffrey B. Geske, MD; Belinda Gray, MBBS, PhD; Kevin Hall, MD; Kimberly G. Harmon, MD; Cynthia A. James, PhD; Ashwin K. Lal, MD; Ian H. Law, MD; Fangyong Li, MS; Mark S. Link, MD; William J. McKenna, MD; Silvana Molossi, MD, PhD; Brian Olshansky, MD; Steven R. Ommen, MD; Elizabeth V. Saarel, MD; Sara Saberi, MD, MS; Laura Simone, MS; Gordon Tomaselli, MD; James S. Ware, MD; Douglas P. Zipes, MD; Sharlene M. Day, MD; for the LIVE Consortium

Lampert et al, JAMA Card 2023

Figure 1. Kaplan-Meier Survival Curve for Freedom From Composite End Point (Death, Cardiac Arrest, Appropriate Implantable Cardioverter Defibrillator Shock, or Arrhythmic Syncope) by Exercise Group

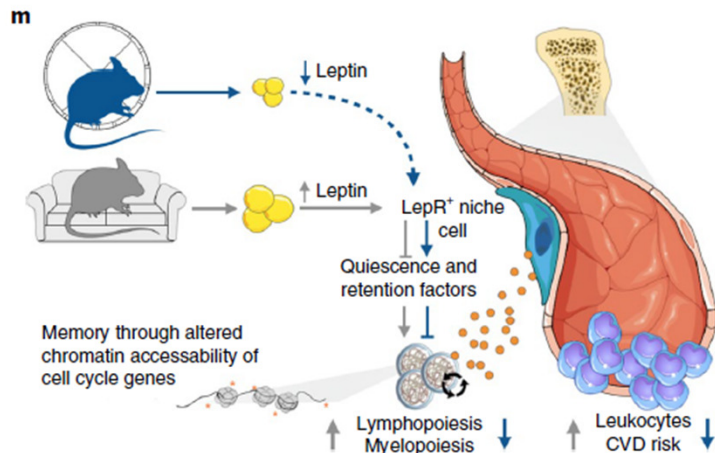


Vigorous and nonvigorous groups did not differ in freedom from composite end point.

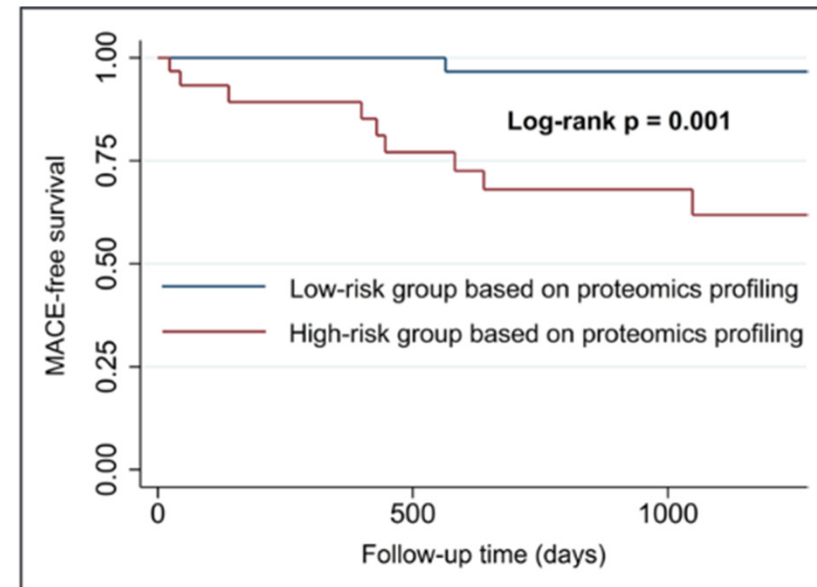
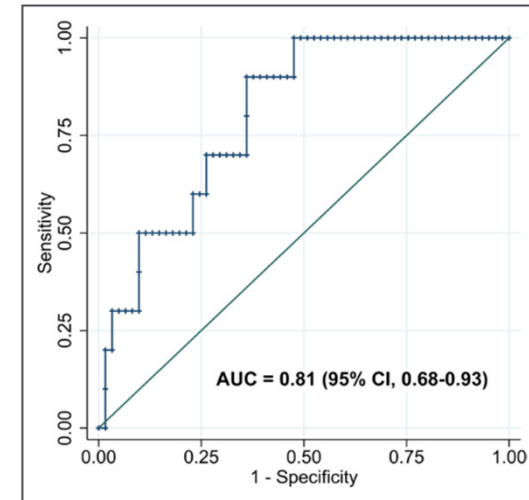


HCM, Inflammation, and Exercise

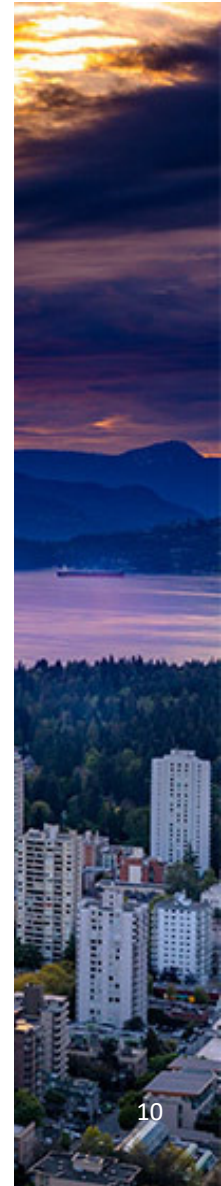
- Upregulation of inflammatory pathways are associated with increased risk of major adverse cardiac events in HCM, associated with worse diastology
- Exercise has been shown to downregulate these inflammatory pathways in other cardiometabolic diseases



Frodermann, Nat Med 2019



Shimada, Circ GPM 2022



Cardiac REHABilitation to Improve Metabolic Health in Hypertrophic Cardiomyopathy (REHAB-HCM)

Based on the premise that HCM is a complex genetic and acquired cardiometabolic disorder, we believe that physical activity has untapped benefits in individuals with HCM and metabolic syndrome

Design: Prospective observational pilot study

Population: Adults 18-80 years of age at SPH HCM Clinic with guideline-based diagnosis of HCM and of metabolic syndrome

Intervention: Cardiac Rehabilitation for 3-months (3 classes per week)

Month 0-3	Month 4-6	Month 7-12
Participant Screening & Recruitment Phase	Cardiac Rehabilitation Program Phase	Post-CR Program Physical Activity Monitoring Phase



Aim 1: Assessing for improvements in metabolic risk factors, cardiorespiratory fitness, psychological well-being, and physical activity levels and attitudes

- Determine magnitude of effect of CR effect on key metabolic risk factors (Table)
- Compare these findings pre-CR, immediately post-CR, and after 6-months follow-up

Exploratory Outcomes of Interest	Descriptors
Lipids	LDL (c)
	HDL (c)
	Non-HDL (c)
	Triglycerides
Glycemic Control	Fasting glucose
	Hemoglobin A1c
Resting Hemodynamics	Systolic Blood Pressure
	Diastolic Blood Pressure
	Heart Rate
Body Measurements	Body Mass Index
	Waist Circumference
Cardiorespiratory Fitness	Peak Oxygen Consumption
	Peak Respiratory Exchange Ratio
	Exercise Duration
	Peak Heart Rate
	Heart Rate Reserve
IPAQ Questionnaire	Measure of health-related physical activity involvement
FAcTS-HF Questionnaire	Measure of kinesiophobia (fear of exercise/movement)
Minnesota Living with Heart Failure Questionnaire	Measure of quality of life with heart failure
Kansas City Cardiomyopathy Questionnaire	Measure of quality of life with cardiomyopathy

Table 1: Variables of interest



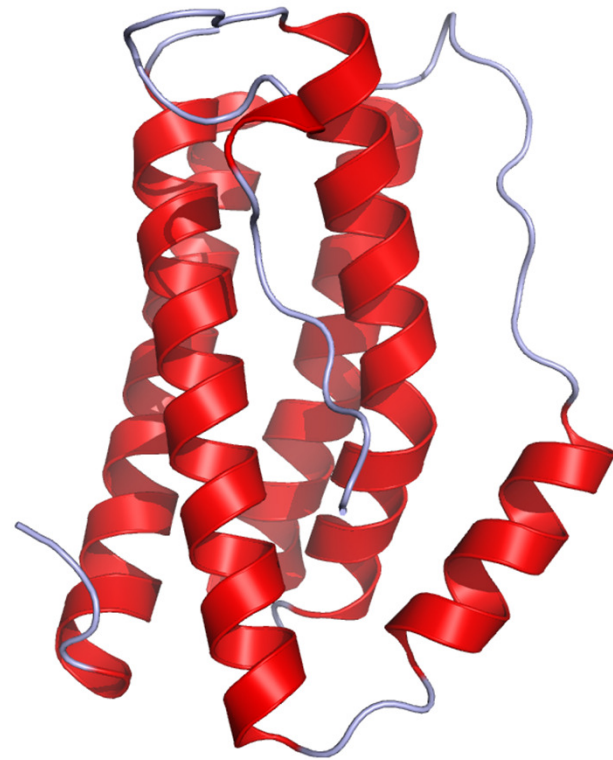
Aim 2: Assessing for sustained improvements in physical activity patterns, attitudes, and tolerance

- Wearable accelerometer
- Adherence to CR program sessions & completion
- IPAQ long form
- Questionnaire on quality of life and kinesiophobia (fear of exercising)



Aim 3: Assessing for changes in established cellular markers of systemic inflammation

- Flow cytometric analysis of circulating immune cell populations
 - neutrophils, monocyte and T cell subsets
- Ex vivo assays of inflammatory cell function
 - monocyte cytokine production, phagocytosis
- Quantification of systemic inflammation
 - 13 human inflammatory cytokines/chemokines
- Comparison of markers pre-CR, post-CR, and after 6-months follow-up

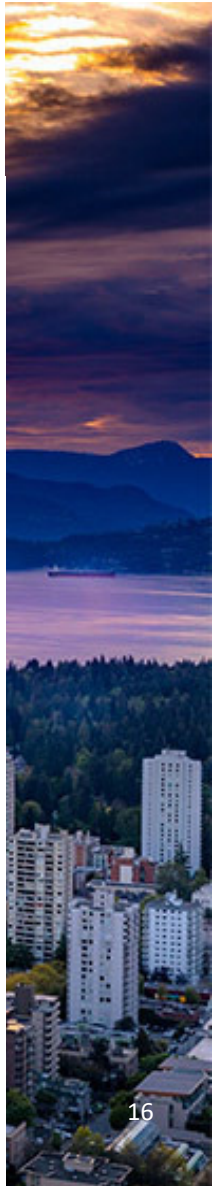
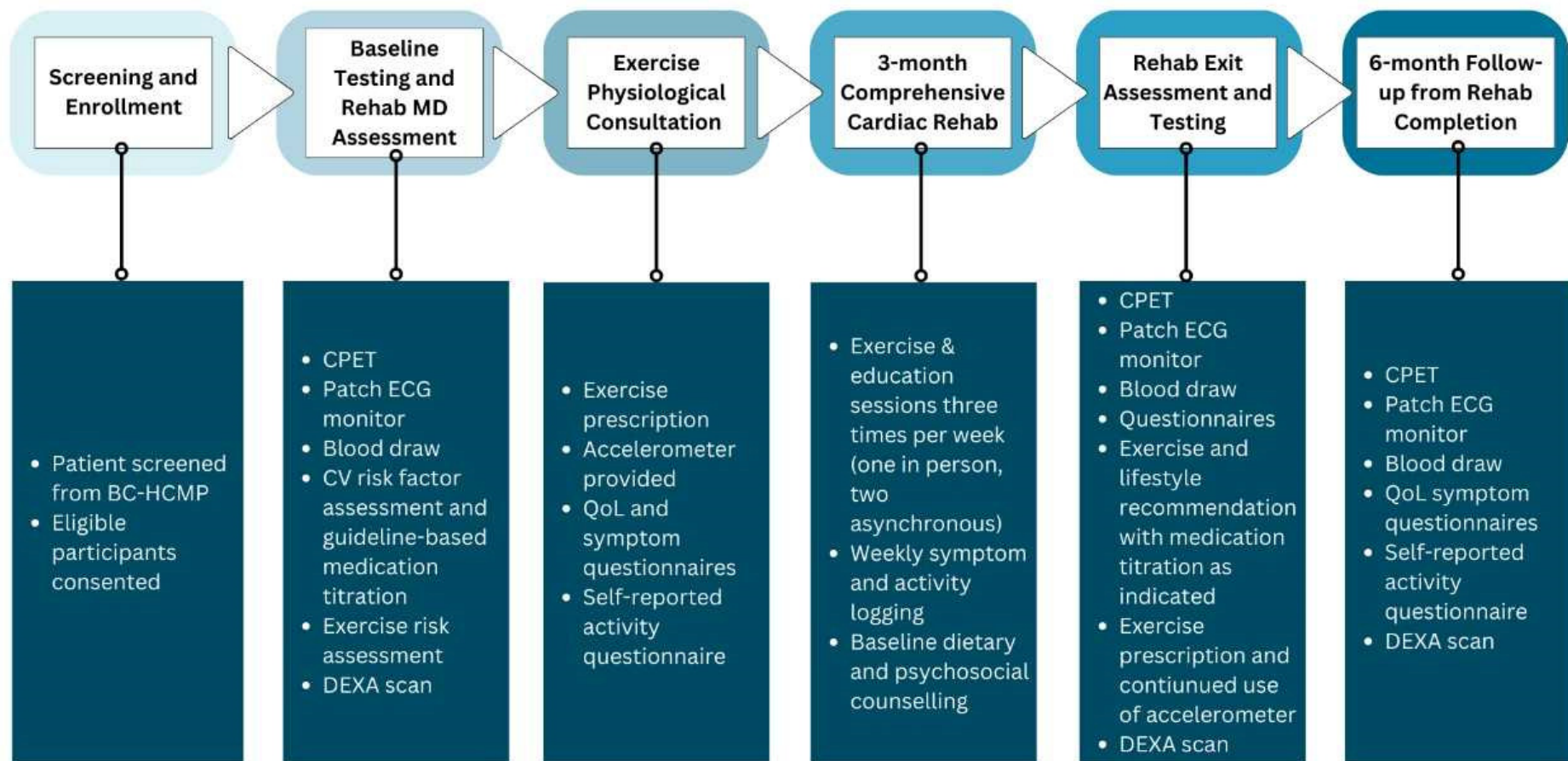


Special Considerations

- **Safety Adjudication**
 - Adverse events assessed by committee of HCM, CR, and EP cardiologist
 - Remove if exercise implicated in event
- **Feasibility**
 - Main barrier anticipated is CR class attendance
 - Hybrid option if recruitment slow
- **Equity & Diversity**
 - Females and non-white ethnicities under-represented in HCM literature
 - SPH HCM program ethnically diverse compared to existing publications
 - Recruitment patterns will be used to inform larger national study



Summary of Pilot Study



Conclusions & Future Directions

- A pilot study to understand the *feasibility & impact of exercise* on the common combination of both *HCM and metabolic syndrome*
- Early step towards understanding whether exercise could *reverse or delay phenotypic expression*
- Inform a large *national study of CR in HCM* leveraging our national network
- A ***collaborative*** effort between cardiogenetics and cardiac rehabilitation



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Members of the SPH HCM, VGH/SPH Cardiac Rehab Programs & HF/EP Programs
Jinelle Gelinas, PhD (study coordinator), Matthew Cheung, MD (IM resident)

